

ARMED SHIP QUESTION IN U. S. HOUSE NEXT MONDAY

A ring or "high-tide" mark left from cleaning may often be seen.

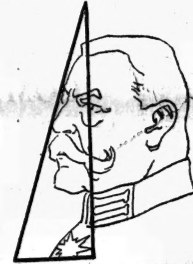
What a Study of British and German Types of Skulls Reveals

Prof. Keith, the Anthropologist, Explains Why the Head of General von Hindenburg, the Prussian Ideal, Shows the Predominance of Brute Force—While Mr. Lloyd-George's, the British Ideal, Shows the Predominance of Intellectual Faculties

Mr. Lloyd-George, British Minister of Munitions, and Diagram Showing His "Facial Angle," Which the Anthropologist Recognizes as Indicating High Intellectual and Reasoning Power Rather Than Brute Force and Physical Power.



"Professor Keith Found That the Typical German Skull, as Represented by General von Hindenburg, Was Marked by a Projecting Jaw and a Somewhat Retreating Forehead, While the English Type, Represented by Lloyd George, Had a Larger Forehead and a Slighter Jaw."



General von Hindenburg, Germany's Greatest General, and His "Facial Angle," Showing Massive Development of the Lower Part of His Face, Which Indicates Strong Animal Qualities Rather Than Intellectual Powers

PROFESSOR ARTHUR KEITH, M. D., Hunterian Professor of Anatomy in the Royal College of Surgeons in England, has been carrying on a remarkable comparison of the skulls of representative Englishmen and Germans.

The professor is one of the best-known anthropologists in England and is especially noted as an authority on skulls. He measured, restored and established the age of the famous Pitman skull, the most interesting relic of prehistoric man found in England.

In making his present investigation he estimated the skull measurements of representative Germans, including General von Hindenburg, General von Mackensen and General von Kluck, and compared them with those of a number of representative Englishmen, including Lloyd George, the most aggressive politician in the English Cabinet; Prime Minister Asquith, Earl Kitchener and General Sir Douglas Haig, the new commander of the British army in France.

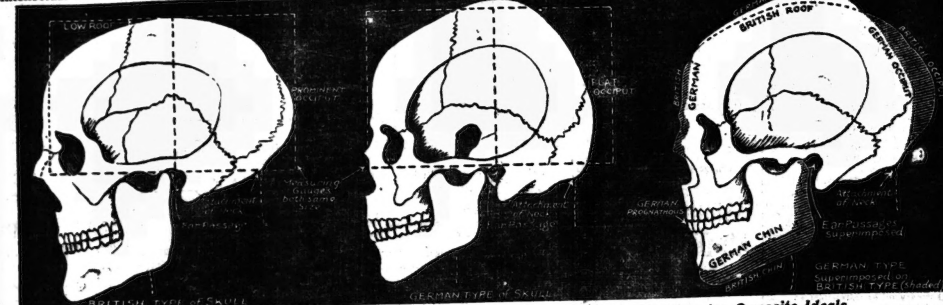
As a result Professor Keith announces that the representative German skull is essentially different from the English skull in that the German skull is marked by a square form and somewhat retreating forehead, with a heavy projecting jaw of the type known to science as "prognathous," while the Englishman of the ruling class has a long head, a more highly developed forehead and a comparatively slight jaw.

In other words, the Englishman represents a more advanced type, while the German is nearer to the primitive man, such, for instance, as the Neanderthal or the Pitman man. It is a fundamental anthropological science that a large forehead with a comparatively small jaw is an indication of progress in the scale of evolution and racial maturity. The heavy jaws of the lower races are partly attributable to chewing great quantities of coarse food, while at the same time the great development of the jaw and face muscles due to this action checks the development of the top of the skull.

In the more advanced and mature races the moderate use of well-cooked food through many generations and the long separation in habits and environment from the primitive type that hunted and devoured its food raw have produced a finer and higher type of jaw and favored the development of the forehead and top of the skull.

One reason for Professor Keith's investigation was to decide the question whether the Englishman belongs to the same race as the German.

It is a fact that one Teutonic race is fighting its racial cousin for the domination of Europe? It is known, of course, that the Anglo-Saxons, who colonized England about the eighth century, were a Teutonic—otherwise a Germanic—tribe from the shores of Germany, smothering upon the North Sea. It is believed, upon reasonable grounds, that England to-day is mainly Anglo-Saxon, in spite of the



Long-head Versus Short-head: Opposite Types of Humanity Which Are Fighting for Opposite Ideals.

"The Fact is, We and the Germans Have Skulls That Are Made Differently. They Are Proud of It, and So Are We," Said M. Pichon Recently, and the Remark Is Equally True in Our Own Case, as Is Clearly Shown in the Above Diagrams, Which Contrast the Dolichocephalic, or Long-headed, Briton, with the Brachycephalic, or Short-headed, Teuton."—Prof. Arthur Keith.

large admixture of Celtic and other racial elements. It is, therefore, assumed by the majority of persons familiar with history that the dominating strains in England and Germany are the same—that is, Teutonic. Professor Keith, as has been seen, has completely upset this view, and his arguments, as far as they are based on measurements, are unanswerable. If modern Englishmen are mainly Anglo-Saxon and of German origin, then it seems that a new and different racial type must have arisen in Germany.

Professor Keith's investigation is mainly based on the skull of General von Hindenburg, the most successful commander in the German army and literally the idol of Prussia, for a colossal wooden statue of him has been erected in Berlin. There is little doubt that the majority of Germans would accept him as the best representative of their nation to-day.

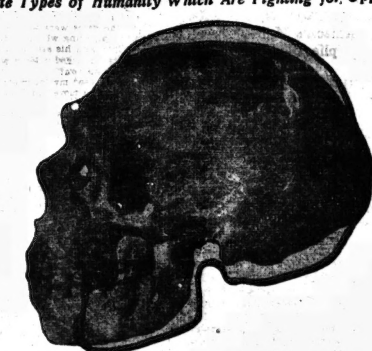
A profile portrait of General von Hindenburg shows very plainly the characteristics of heavy, prognathous jaw, retreating forehead and square-headedness, which the professor finds in the prevailing German type. The same characteristics appear in the other leading Germans, but General von Hindenburg shows them in a more marked degree.

The leading representative of the English type is David Lloyd George, at present holding the position of Minister of War Munitions, and admittedly the greatest driving force in the British Government. Mr. Lloyd George was distinguished before the war for having done more to improve the condition of British working people than any other man. It is reasonable to take him as a representative of English public life, since military science is not the chief interest of England as of Germany. Professor Keith gives an interesting technical analysis of the

reference between the prevailing English and German types of skull. "In the majority of Britons, English, Welsh, Scottish and Irish," he says, "the hinder part of the head, the occiput, projects prominently backward behind the line of the neck; the British head is long in comparison with its width. In the vast majority of Germans the occiput is flattened, as if the hinder part of the head, when still young and plastic, had been pushed forward and upward. The peculiarity of the German skull is due to no artificial means; we know that the prominent occiput and flattened occiput are characters which breed true over thousands of years, and that they are characters which indicate a profound racial divergence.

"Even in the sixteenth century Vesalius, who is universally regarded as the 'father of anatomy,' regarded the flat occiput as a German characteristic; but seeing that he was born in Brussels in 1514, it is possible that Teutonic anatomists may now impugn his veracity. We have, however, the evidence of Virchow—the greatest of German anthropologists. He came, rather unwillingly, to the conclusion that the vast majority of modern German people differed from British, Dutch, Dane and Scandinavian in form of head."

With the exodus of the Anglo-Saxons to France and the Anglo-Saxons to Britain in the Fifth, Sixth, seventh and eighth centuries of our era, Germany was almost desolated of the long-headed elements in her population," says the Professor. "These were concentrated in the western shore-lands, and in modern Germany it is only in these same lands, forming less than one-



Skull of Early Man, from Whom Both Briton and Prussian Are Descended—Diagram Line Indicating General Change of Shape of Skull as Man Has Progressed in Intelligence, and Lost the Brute-Like Lower Jaw.

fifth of the total empire, that we have inherited from the east—from the regions now occupied by Russians, Poles and Czechs—by means of the Franks and Anglo-Saxons were moving into France and England the great area now covered by the German Empire had

"History relates that by the end

of the sixth century this type had overrun all the area of modern Germany, except the lands along the western shores. We now know, however, that the persistence of Germany by men of the Hindenburg type did not begin with the break-up of the Roman Empire. In ancient graves of the early Iron, bronze and neolithic ages we find the Hindenburg type, showing that the westward movement of the flat occiput had set in thousands of years before the days of the Roman Empire.

"With the exit of the Franks and Anglo-Saxons the short-headed ancestors of modern Germany were left as the dominant type of Germany."

When the Professor argues that the predominant English type of skull represents a more advanced race than the German many people will point to the great scientific achievements and tremendous material progress of the Germans in recent years.

To this it may be replied that none of the great scientific discoveries, inventions and ideas can be credited to Germans. Such epoch-making discoveries and ideas as those of Darwin, Stephenson, Watt, Franklin, Pasteur, Marconi and others came from the Anglo-Saxon and Latin races.

Originality and intellectual creative power are, according to this authority, the highest tests of a mentally advanced race. The modern German, who has good physique and great industry, are

able to master the ideas and inventions of the older races and use them for their own peculiar purposes.

In the prehistoric German or Teutonic graves the skulls are nearly always long-headed, of the type very commonly found among Englishmen of the upper classes, English farmers, Germans in the northwestern corner of Germany, Hollanders and Scandinavians. On the other hand, it was observed by the great anthropologist, de Quatrefages, that the modern Germans are generally broad-headed and the Scandinavians the most distinctly square-headed people in Europe.

Ethnologists now believe that a certain long-headed race that we call Teutonic—one of an innumerable series of Aryan migrations from Asia, spread over what is now Germany and other parts of Europe. It must not be supposed that they wiped out the earlier people of the countries they invaded, but being mentally and physically superior, they imposed their language and customs of the inferior races of the lands they conquered. Descendants of the earliest prehistoric peoples survive among the dominant races.

The original Teutonic type is traced unmistakably in ancient German skulls, in Englishmen, from the time of Alfred the Great down to the present day, and in Frenchmen of the northern part of the country, descendants of the Teutonic race that first established the united French nation. In Germany, a large country and greatly exposed on the east to new migrations from Asia, the original Teutonic stock appears to have been retained by invasions of Slavs, Turanians, Mongoloids and other elements. Prussia is certainly largely Slavic.

In Germany also there appear to have been a large and vigorous pre-Teutonic population, to which the peculiarly square-headed Bavarians may be traced.

Professor Keith finally makes the interesting point that races with the flat back head which characterizes modern Germans have never shown any aptitude for the sea. Portuguese, Spanish, Dutch, Norwegians, British, all the races that have been remarkable for exploits at sea have had the projecting forehead. Perhaps the most peculiar fact to note, in support of this, is that Germany to-day mans her navy almost exclusively with men from the northwestern shores of the empire, where the long-headed Teutonic type still prevails.

Why It's Absurd to Be So Afraid of Leprosy

ALTHOUGH the medical profession proved years ago that leprosy is one of the least contagious diseases, yet the appearance of a case of this disease in a community still causes a frantic demand that the leper be killed. In this particular matter the public will not listen to the profession whose judgment it honors on the majority of medical subjects.

It is probable that this laborious dread of leprosy and absurd fear of contagion was instilled into Europeans in the thirteenth century, when the Crusaders, returning from the East, brought back and distributed over Europe a veritable plague of the disease, now believed by the medical profession, however, that the disease which afflicted Europe at this time was not leprosy in the form in which it is known to-day.

Leprosy is believed to have been introduced into Europe from Asia by the returning legions of Pompey in the first century B. C. The bacillus of the disease was not discovered until 1871, when it was first isolated by Hansen.

That the common fear of the public is ill-founded is well proven by the medical profession in the following results of their tests. The bacillus has never been surely cultivated or inoculated with pathogenic results in animals. Physicians have tried and failed to inoculate themselves with leprosy. One even went so far as to introduce suppurations from leprosy lesions into a cut in his own arm, with negative results.

Of the hundreds of attendants in leprosy colonies many have worked at this calling for upward of fifteen years without contracting the disease, in spite of their constant contact with lepers. Father Damien at Molokai is the only known exception to this statement.

There are two hundred and seventy-eight known cases of leprosy in the United States. Of these, one hundred and forty are natives-born. Hansen, investigating the history of a colony of lepers who settled many years ago in our Northwestern States, failed to find a single trace of the disease among the descendants.

Many lepers ever contract the disease, according to proven medical statistics. In Japan only seven per cent of the children of leprosy contract the disease.

From the foregoing statistics it will readily seem that the human fear of the public in regard to leprosy is founded purely on ancient ignorance rather than medical fact. Leprosy is far less dangerous to a community than a single case of tuberculosis, yet tuberculosis patients have never been shunned with superstitious dread.

As to the mode of transmission of the disease, leprosy has been proven to be transmitted in the stomachs of flies, and it is believed possible that the disease may be transmitted when flies light upon open wounds or upon the orifices of the nose.

The bacilli have also been found in head lice and mosquitoes, but no evidence of multiplication has been obtainable. The mucous membranes of the nose are believed to be the probable channel of entry of the disease and are first searched in a diagnosis.

Only five per cent of the healthy people who

BATTLE STILL RAGING FOR THE EVERETT PRESS

Inside the Taking of Douaumont Village, Told Before, Huns Gain Nothing.

Neutral Powers are Waiting to Jump to the Side of the Winner.

Paris, March 3.—While it appears that Verdun remains the principal objective of the Germans, there is a possibility, which will be revealed as the great battle progresses.

The region of Douaumont, which comprises three positions—the village, the redoubt and the fort—appears to be the centre of a fierce German attack. The combat continues about this region. The fact that the Germans succeeded in entering the village is considered by military observers only as a fluctuation in the tide of battle that is likely to occur during any important action.

A concentrated fire of the French guns in the woods has revealed a contemplated assault on the part of the Germans. In following the present progress of the military operations, it is possible to see the possibility of an attack on the right bank of the Meuse by the Germans, and question whether the Germans will devote more attention in the vicinity of France, or whether they will continue to attack the Meuse. It is believed that the Germans will devote more attention in the vicinity of France, or whether they will continue to attack the Meuse. It is believed that the Germans will devote more attention in the vicinity of France, or whether they will continue to attack the Meuse.

MAY LAST A MONTH

There is also speculation as to the duration of the battle. Comparison of the fighting around Verdun is made with the fighting on the Meuse and at Cernovitz, each of which lasted a month. It is believed that the fighting around Verdun is likely to last a month, or longer, and that it is likely to be a series of extremely severe attacks, separated by pauses.

One attack against Douaumont, according to the German official statement, was made by the 14th Infantry Regiment, of which the French were the main force. The attack was repulsed by the French.

Various documents found on prisoners established without doubt that the object of the German attack was to capture Verdun, "the last rampart of French resistance."

The German general orders of the day found on an officer and signed by the chief of the German staff, required the German troops to conduct themselves worthily in the battle "which will decide the fate of France."

TOOK DOUAUMONT VILLAGE

In the resumption of the fighting about Douaumont last night, the Germans succeeded after several costly attacks in capturing the village of Douaumont, which lies to the north of the fort, where a couple of thousand German troops are now being surrounded for some days.

We cleared the village of Douaumont from the German hands. The German statement said, "and pushed our line to the west and south of the village, where the German forces are now in a more favorable position."

The German forces are now in a more favorable position. The German forces are now in a more favorable position. The German forces are now in a more favorable position. The German forces are now in a more favorable position.

LEFT MANY DEAD

To the east of Douaumont the Germans attacked the village of Vaux, which lies to the north of the German field works. This attack made at about the same time as the attack on the village of Douaumont. The German forces are now in a more favorable position.

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DEFENSIVE IN ALACKE

Defensive activity is also being carried on at other points of the front. The German forces are now in a more favorable position. The German forces are now in a more favorable position. The German forces are now in a more favorable position.

army corps from the east front to fill the gaps in the army attacking Verdun.

Advices received from Xaillu, Metz, Mannheim, Stuttgart and Coblenz, are to the effect that those German towns have been transferred to big hospitals for wounded from Verdun, who are arriving there daily.

There are said to be several hundred men with serious wounds at Coblenz.

HEARD 185 MILES DISTANT

The announcement of Verdun was so heavy that it was heard at Marburg and Ziegenhain, a distance of 185 miles away, according to a statement issued today by the Trans-Ocean News Bureau.

The sound was loudest on Saturday, the 26th, between 4 and 5 p.m. The sound was distinctly heard, even indoors with the windows closed at that time.

It is believed, is the greatest distance at which a sound has been heard without the aid of some artificial medium of transmission. No battle was ever before heard so far away.

EFFECT ON NEUTRALS

London, March 4.—The British press is studying carefully the effect of the German fighting on public opinion in various European capitals, particularly the neutral countries of Greece, Rumania, Scandinavia and Holland. A special correspondent sent to London by the Telegraph carries the British public as follows:

"Any decisive German success will produce a far-reaching political effect upon certain neutrals. The reaction in Sweden would be great and almost immediate."

It is hardly realized abroad that the recent fluctuations in the attitude of Sweden were the direct result of the vicissitudes of the campaign. General and of the German advance in particular. While the majority of the Swedish people are in favor of a desire to exchange a safe and lucrative neutrality for a belligerent which would bring them into the war, the sentiments of the Rumanian majority are of little avail against the motives for which the Rumanians are impressed.

"It is certain that a decisive German victory at the present juncture would be followed by most important changes in the international situation."

The Athens correspondent to the effect that the German attack on Verdun is an example of the effect which the great struggle at Verdun will have upon the neutral countries. It is believed that the German attack on Verdun is an example of the effect which the great struggle at Verdun will have upon the neutral countries.

COLD PLUNGE

Jack Hazell Did the Elita Gordon Stunt.

Miss Elita Gordon, who appeared at the Savoy recently, and who took a plunge into the canal one cold morning last week, is now in the water again. She is now in the water again. She is now in the water again.

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New Comers

To our city will find this the store to trade at. The best of everything in the grocery line, at reasonable prices. The store is now open. The store is now open. The store is now open.



Some of the French gun emplacements along the outer defenses of Verdun, where the Germans are throwing the weight of a mighty army in an effort to open the way to Paris.

SAFETY FIRST TO BE APPLIED ON WIDE FIELD

Movement On Foot to Organize a City Association For This Purpose.

THE MAN IN OVERALLS

Enlist, boys! Don't let the others do your share!

3,130 DIED IN THE LOSS OF LA PROVENCE

NO SUB. SIGNED

This must be great weather down at Palm Beach.

No man need ask for a hand out in the city these days: there is plenty of work for all.

If the Street Railway Company introduces young ladies as conductors, even indoors with the windows closed at that time.

A PLAN OUTLINED

Strong Committee Appointed to Get Information and Prepare Report.

This is fine weather for cutting ice, eh? I wonder if they are finding ray watermelons down at the bar.

And Cause of Tragedy is a Matter, So Far, of Speculation.

Preliminary steps were taken at a meeting in the Board of Trade rooms yesterday afternoon to organize a Safety First association for the city of Hamilton, to carry on in connection with the industrial institutions, the schools and on the city streets and in public places a work similar to that which has proven so wonderfully effective on the railroads of the country as well as in some of the very large manufacturing concerns.

What is your church doing to entertain soldiers?

There will be no reservoir on the mountain just yet. Perhaps we'll think about it after this war is finished.

Mr. A. M. Adams, of the Grand Trunk Railway, stated that in that system practically all the employees were active members of the Safety First association, and the lessening of accidents had been wonderful. He exhibited a card on which employees are encouraged to report anything that might be a source of danger to the public, and make suggestions as to how to avoid it.

No signs of a submarine were reported in the vicinity of the sinking of the La Provence.

The French auxiliary cruiser La Provence II, (so designated to distinguish her from the French battleship Provence), engaged in transporting troops on board the French auxiliary cruiser La Provence, which was sunk in the Mediterranean on February 26.

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RUSSIA FALLS TO TURKEY MAY CAPULATE

Nation Is Said to be on Verge of Collapse, and Anxious to Surrender.

Czar's Troops Continue Victorious Advance--Trebizond Also Doomed.

London, March 4.—The morning newspapers feature dispatches from Athens which declare that agitation in Constantinople in favor of peace is becoming so pronounced that it would surprise no one if Turkey suddenly capitulated to the Entente Allies.

The Greek Duke is now expected to strike for the Bagdad railway by making directly for Diabekir, 160 miles southwest of Bitlis. Turkey were forced to abandon.

It is reported also that Rachmi Bey, Governor of the vilayet of Smyrna, is trying to arrange separate peace terms with the Entente.

ADVANCING ALONG THREE LINES The Russian advance in Asia Minor radiating along three main lines from Erzerum towards Trebizond, Sivas and Bitlis, is meeting with equal success in all three directions.

London, March 3.—The Russian fleet by storm last night the fortified city of Bitlis, in the Armenian Taurus. Bitlis lies 110 miles south of Erzerum, the great Armenian fortress captured by them on Feb. 15. The army of Grand Duke Nicholas has since covered within a little more than two weeks more than one-fourth of the distance of Erzerum to Bagdad, which is about 500 miles. With the capture of Bitlis the menace to the Mesopotamian campaign assumes the light of not far distant possibility.

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The committee can arrange a working system.

BUSINESS COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL SECTION

MARKETS AND FINANCE

TOO COLD FOR GREEN STUFF

Fair Market This Morning and Few Price Changes.

Geese and Ducks Have Become Quite Scarce.

Saturday, March 4.—There was a fairly good market this morning, but owing to the intense cold there was very little green stuff and geese and ducks were scarce.

VEGETABLES	
Onions, each	1.00
Carrots, each	1.00
Beets, each	1.00
Spinach, each	1.00
Peas, each	1.00
Beans, each	1.00
Tomatoes, each	1.00
Cucumbers, each	1.00
Peppers, each	1.00
Onions, each	1.00
Carrots, each	1.00
Beets, each	1.00
Spinach, each	1.00
Peas, each	1.00
Beans, each	1.00
Tomatoes, each	1.00
Cucumbers, each	1.00
Peppers, each	1.00

DAIRY PRODUCTS	
Butter, each	1.00
Butter, each	1.00
Butter, each	1.00
Butter, each	1.00
Butter, each	1.00
Butter, each	1.00
Butter, each	1.00
Butter, each	1.00
Butter, each	1.00
Butter, each	1.00

SMOKED MEATS	
Ham, each	1.00
Ham, each	1.00
Ham, each	1.00
Ham, each	1.00
Ham, each	1.00
Ham, each	1.00
Ham, each	1.00
Ham, each	1.00
Ham, each	1.00
Ham, each	1.00

FISH	
Salmon, each	1.00
Salmon, each	1.00
Salmon, each	1.00
Salmon, each	1.00
Salmon, each	1.00
Salmon, each	1.00
Salmon, each	1.00
Salmon, each	1.00
Salmon, each	1.00
Salmon, each	1.00

MEATS	
Beef, each	1.00
Beef, each	1.00
Beef, each	1.00
Beef, each	1.00
Beef, each	1.00
Beef, each	1.00
Beef, each	1.00
Beef, each	1.00
Beef, each	1.00
Beef, each	1.00

HIDES	
Calves, each	1.00
Calves, each	1.00
Calves, each	1.00
Calves, each	1.00
Calves, each	1.00
Calves, each	1.00
Calves, each	1.00
Calves, each	1.00
Calves, each	1.00
Calves, each	1.00

GRAIN MARKET	
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00

HAY AND STRAW	
Hay, each	1.00
Hay, each	1.00
Hay, each	1.00
Hay, each	1.00
Hay, each	1.00
Hay, each	1.00
Hay, each	1.00
Hay, each	1.00
Hay, each	1.00
Hay, each	1.00

TORONTO MARKETS	
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00

FARMERS' MARKETS	
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00

MEATS	
Beef, each	1.00
Beef, each	1.00
Beef, each	1.00
Beef, each	1.00
Beef, each	1.00
Beef, each	1.00
Beef, each	1.00
Beef, each	1.00
Beef, each	1.00
Beef, each	1.00

SUGAR MARKETS	
Sugar, each	1.00
Sugar, each	1.00
Sugar, each	1.00
Sugar, each	1.00
Sugar, each	1.00
Sugar, each	1.00
Sugar, each	1.00
Sugar, each	1.00
Sugar, each	1.00
Sugar, each	1.00

OTHER MARKETS	
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00

MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN MARKET	
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00

LONDON WHEAT MARKET	
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00

FAIR DEMAND; Rates Quiet	
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00

NEW YORK STOCKS	
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
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Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00

WHEAT 6 CENTS ABOVE LOWEST

Market is Oversold But Traders are Nervous.

Sales on Railies Recommended by the Experts.

(Supplied by Tompkins, Forwood & Co., Merchants Bank Bldg.)

WHEAT	
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00
Wheat, each	1.00

DAIRY PRODUCTS	
Butter, each	1.00
Butter, each	1.00
Butter, each	1.00
Butter, each	1.00
Butter, each	1.00
Butter, each	1.00
Butter, each	1.00
Butter, each	1.00
Butter, each	1.00
Butter, each	1.00

SMOKED MEATS	
Ham, each	1.00
Ham, each	1.00
Ham, each	1.00
Ham, each	1.00
Ham, each	1.00
Ham, each	1.00
Ham, each	1.00
Ham, each	1.00
Ham, each	1.00
Ham, each	1.00

FISH	
Salmon, each	1.00
Salmon, each	1.00
Salmon, each	1.00
Salmon, each	1.00
Salmon, each	1.00
Salmon, each	1.00
Salmon, each	1.00
Salmon, each	1.00
Salmon, each	1.00
Salmon, each	1.00

MEATS	



"Dear me! There's the telephone ringing downstairs."



"Disturb me? No, indeed I have an extension telephone upstairs."

An Extension Telephone Saves the Trip.

An extension telephone from the main instrument in your home puts the service within convenient reach no matter where you may be about the house.

An extension telephone doubles the convenience of your service, and at a cost as low as \$8.00 a year—less than three cents a day.

Why climb stairs? Try an extension telephone.

The Bell Telephone Co. of Canada.

KUN PATROL FAILED BADLY ON OUR FRONT

Canadians Ready for Them, and in Six Minutes Those Left Had Enough.

MUCH GOOD WORK

Machine Guns, Artillery and Infantry All Uphold Their Reputation.

Ottawa, March 3.—Major-General Sir Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia, has received the following communique from the Canadian general representative in France:

Canadian General Headquarters in France, March 3, via London.—Winter conditions marked the first half of the period, February 23 to March 1. Rough winds and snow storms culminated on February 25 in a blizzard, which swept all Northern France and Flanders. Towards the end of the month warmer and finer weather prevailed.

Far south towards Verdun, a great battle raged, but our Canadian front the unabated activity of German airmen remained the chief feature of enemy activity. Good weather and bad alike they flew over our lines endeavoring to reconnoiter our positions and communications. Even at night the sound of their machines was frequently heard. Few enemy airmen in the air took place, as the hostile aviators showed little inclination to fight and almost invariably made up on the approach of our machines. Several points in our area were bombed, and on February 26 civilian casualties resulted. Two attempts were made to bomb some wagon lines in our second divisional area. On the first occasion one tent and the life of a few men were destroyed, and on the second, the majority of the bombs burst on impact with the ground, and no casualties resulted. In neither case was there any casualties.

The most interesting event of the week was the attempt made by a patrol of twenty Germans to bomb the lines of our 42nd Montreal battalion. Our airmen were on the alert and as the enemy party approached our wire they opened fire on it with bombs and rapid fire. The Germans threw a considerable number of bombs, and a bombing section of our 42nd battalion was quickly on the scene. At the end of six minutes, after a lively interchange of bombs, the enemy withdrew and his retreat was hastened by an intense rifle fire from our trenches. Our patrols then went out and discovered one dead and one badly wounded German lying close to our wire. An unwounded German, who had failed to make his escape, was taken prisoner. The wounded German was carried back to our lines, where he died. Our men suffered no casualties in this affair.

Later in the night a small hostile patrol, while endeavoring to examine the scene of the fight, stumbled upon one of our listening posts. The Germans threw three bombs, but our men used the bayonet and drove them back, wounding two of them.

Hostile artillery fire was weaker this week throughout the period, but enemy working parties were exceedingly numerous and afforded many targets for our artillery. In several instances casualties were observed as the result of our fire.

On the night of February 26, a small hostile patrol, while endeavoring to examine the scene of the fight, stumbled upon one of our listening posts. The Germans threw three bombs, but our men used the bayonet and drove them back, wounding two of them.

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while an enemy relief was in progress. Our field batteries and howitzers in conjunction with our machine guns, rifle batteries and grenade squadrons, opened and maintained for two hours a heavy fire on the enemy's communication roads, paths and trenches. In spite of the severe bombardment, the enemy's reply was very feeble.

On several occasions our machine guns did excellent work in hampering the enemy's working parties and interfering with his movements. Opposite our first division a hostile working party was driven back into its trenches. As the Germans scrambled back over their parapets several of them were seen to be wounded.

For four consecutive nights enemy working parties were dispersed at this same point. One night an enemy transport was heard moving. A prolonged burst of fire from our machine guns was apparently effective, as the sounds of the transport galloping away were accompanied by a considerable screaming and grunting. The airmen of our subjects were responsible for several casualties in the enemy ranks. Hostile snipers were somewhat less active than usual.

At various times a number of bombs and grenades were used by the enemy. On one occasion a large number of bombs were thrown by the enemy at a point where a large party of our troops was gathered. The bombs were scattered over a twenty-yard radius.

On another occasion on the front of our second division 20 grenades were fired into the German trench at a point where a large party of our troops was gathered. The bombs were scattered over a twenty-yard radius.

On the night of February 25th a patrol of six men of our 14th Montreal battalion, under Lieut. Worrall, went out to examine a house which had been demolished by our artillery fire some days previously. Four enemy posts, each of three men, were located and a hostile party of twelve in front of the building. Several of a large working party in the ruins were heard. Our patrol was not detected, and on its return the enemy posts and working party were dispersed by snipers from our 14th Field Battery and our machine gun fire.

On the same night Sergt. Morton and Lance-Corps. Berry, of the British Columbia battalion, observed two Germans some yards in front of their own fire. Our men threw grenades at the enemy, both of whom were wounded, and retired at the double.

On the night of February 27 a patrol of our Royal Canadian Regiment, consisting of Lance-Corps. Pope and a British Columbia battalion, worked their way close up to the enemy's trenches and, without being detected, destroyed several of the enemy's machine gun positions so effectively that several of the enemy's machine guns were silenced.

The men were out two hours and a half, during which time they also engaged and drove off a German soldier who had been visiting the Canadian area during the week and spent some hours in the area.

In connection with the minor operation of our 10th battalion, the following decorations have been awarded: Military cross—Lieut. S. S. Kent, A. S. Trimmer and L. Young. Distinguished Conduct Medal—Sergt. A. O. Budgen and Sergt. G. F. Sicky and L. Zuidema.

The first Canadian to achieve the distinction of winning a D. C. M. and a clasp in the same war.

The Soldier's Decalogue.

Written by a Canadian who went to the front in the Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders, and is now an officer in a Scottish regiment.

The 1st Commandment is: Thou shalt challenge all persons approaching thee.

The 2nd Commandment is: Thou shalt not send any engraving, or any likeness of any saint or of the heavens above, or any portrait of the earth beneath, or any drawing of any substance in the water under the earth, and the Creator, as a jealous God, visiting the iniquities of the offenders with three months' G. B. but showing mercy unto thousands by letting their letters go free; who keep my commandments.

The 3rd Commandment is: Thou shalt not use profane language, unless under extraordinary circumstances, such as seeing your comrade shot or getting petrol in your tea.

The 4th Commandment is: Remember the soldier's week consists of seven days. Six days shalt thou labor and do all thy work, and on the seventh day thou shalt rest.

The 5th Commandment is: Honor thy King and thy country. Keep thy rifle well oiled, shoot straight, so that thy days may be long upon the land which the enemy gives thee.

The 6th Commandment is: Thou shalt not adulterate thy mess tin by using it as a shaving tin.

STOP BACKACHES

Don't complain about pains in your back which are caused by the kidneys. Stop backaches and they do it in an hour by using the pills. The pills are sold by your druggist.

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THE Quiet Hour

For Thoughtful People

PERSEVERANCE. He who would endure all day long. He who would endure all day long. He who would endure all day long.

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THE Quiet Hour

For Thoughtful People

PERSEVERANCE. He who would endure all day long. He who would endure all day long. He who would endure all day long.

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For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of J. C. GUY.

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The Sprightly Spring Step of Youth

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The soft fibre cushion insulate supports your foot at every point, removes the cause of corns, bunions, and fallen arches and your feet sink into the luxurious cushions to perfect ease and comfort. It is never too late to mend, but satisfy your feet now.

GO AT ONCE TO CLIMIE'S RELIABLE STORE

In January we received five cases of "Doctor Red" shoes for women and men. Last week we received seven more cases—200 pairs—and expect another shipment soon. We state this to show that our Dr. Red shoes are a success. Price remains the same for the present—women's \$5.00; men's \$6.50.

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paid to the court and went back to the cells.

While here he was regarded as a dangerous man. In 1902, when he was released as a convict, who is still at their home at 849 Lundra street, asserts that he will remain in the fight until the case is decided. She is a daughter of Thomas H. Alken, of Alton, and was married to the prisoner in 1897. She is known as Al in 1912.

The complaint resulted in Wilson's arrest claims that she married the prisoner then known as Alken, in 1902, at the Methodist Church in Lynn, Mass., in 1905. After a few years of married life, she claims that she was abandoned and later a child was born. She claims never heard of him after that date.

Wilson was associated in the C.N.W. with a man known as John Smith in Boston, and by chance abposed a Toronto Trade Journal, in which the details of his life were published as William Wilson. Mrs. Gray was immediately in London to lay the information before the court that caused his arrest, and though she had never seen her husband since her desertion, she swore that he was the man when he was brought before her in court.

Samuel Senneker who accompanied her from Lynn, swore similarly.

Just inside the medicine cabinet tuck up a card index of simple remedies for everything. You will find that in the accident year, you will be able to furnish your children need in case of

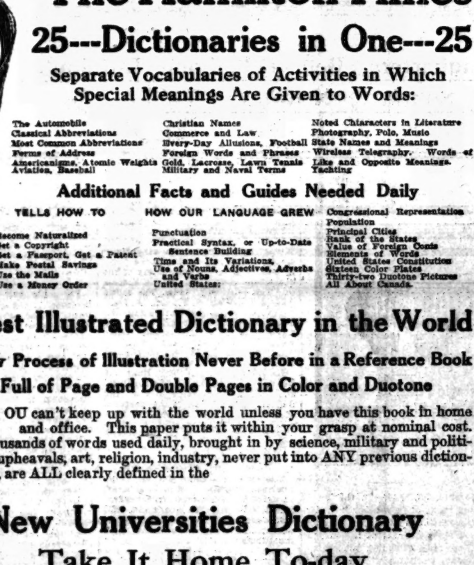
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